Questions for "Tennessee's Bloody Road to Statehood" TN History for KidsINAR, Part 1

1. What war affected relations between Native Americans and settlers during the 20 years before Tennessee became a state?

A) The Civil War
B) The War of 1812
C) The Revolutionary War
D) The Mexican American War

2. What are atrocities?

3. Why do we think Cherokee chiefs went along with the idea of Richard Henderson's land deal?

A) They needed guns to fight the Creek Indians.
B) Many of them figured there was no way to keep the settlers out anyway.
C) There were already some long hunters and traders living in Middle Tennessee.
D) All of the above

4. What was the name of the Cherokee chief who made a speech against the land deal at the Sycamore Shoals and stormed away?

A) Dragging Canoe
B) Little Carpenter
C) Hanging Maw

5. For which side did most Cherokee Indians fight in the Revolutionary War?

A) the American side
B) the British side
C) they remained neutral

6. TRUE or FALSE: The British sent weapons and ammunition to the Cherokee nation to fight the settlers during the Revolutionary War.

7. What were Dragging Canoe's followers called?

8. What are two reasons Dragging Canoe and his followers built villages where they did?

9. Why didn't the Donelson Party members all go over land?

10. What do we know is true regarding the Battle of the Bluffs?

A) The attack came from Chickamaugan Indians.
B) Charlotte Robertson is the person who decided to turn the dogs loose.
C) Several first-person accounts of the battle differ.
D) Very little, since no settlers survived the battle

11. When David Hood first saw hostile Native American warriors near the fort at French Lick, what did he do?

A) Attack them
B) Walk up and start talking to them
C) Run away
D) Pretend he was dead

Questions for "Tennessee's Bloody Road to Statehood" TN History for KidsINAR, Part 2

1. Why was it bad news for most Native Americans that the Americans won the Revolutionary War?

2. Why didn't Franklin become a state?

A) Because only 7 of the 13 existing states would agree to admit it into the union.
B) Because Ben Franklin was against it.
C) Because people wanted their state to be called Tennessee
D) It actually did, but its records were lost.

3. Once the Revolutionary War ended, traders operating in land controlled by what country were selling arms to the Creek and Chickamaugan Indians?

A) France
B) Spain
C) Russia

4. What was the name of the Cherokee peace chief murdered under a flag of truce in 1788?

A) Dragging Canoe
B) Little Carpenter
C) Old Tassel

5. How did George Washington first meet William Blount?

A) Blount fought with Washington in the Revolutionary War.
B) Blount was a delegate for North Carolina to the Constitutional Convention
C) Blount was a war hero from Tennessee

6. What is the name of the treaty that is in some ways responsible for Knoxville being there today?

7. In what way was Joseph Brown's knowledge important to the volunteer army that attacked the Chickamaugan village of Nickajack?

8. What was the capital of the United States when Tennessee became a state?

A) Philadelphia
B) Washington
C) New York

9. Who was the first member of the U.S. House of Representatives from Tennessee?

10. Who was the first governor of Tennessee?

11. How much did the population of Tennessee increase from 1800 to 1810?

A) It didn't increase at all
B) It increased by about 50%
C) It more than doubled